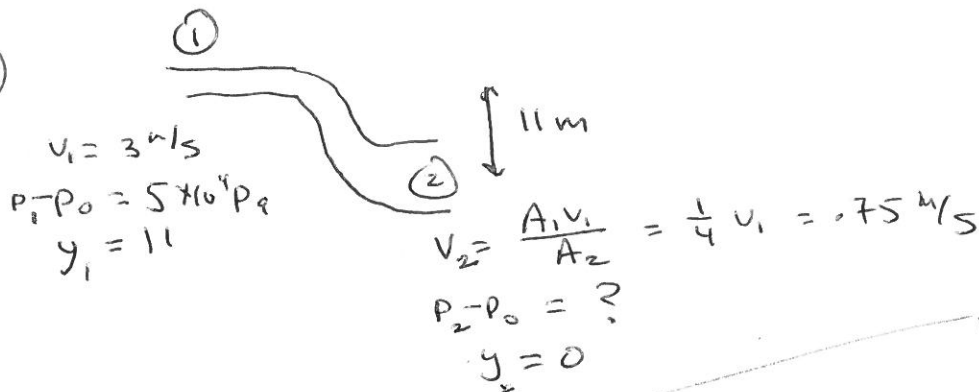


(46)



$v_1 = 3 \text{ m/s}$
 $P_1 - P_0 = 5 \times 10^4 \text{ Pa}$
 $y_1 = 11$

$v_2 = \frac{A_1 v_1}{A_2} = \frac{1}{4} v_1 = 0.75 \text{ m/s}$
 $P_2 - P_0 = ?$
 $y_2 = 0$

Subtract atm pressure to get gauge pressure on both sides

$$\frac{1}{2} \rho v_1^2 + \rho g y_1 + P_1 = \frac{1}{2} \rho v_2^2 + \rho g y_2 + P_2$$

$$\frac{1}{2} 1000 (3^2 - 0.75^2) + 1000 \cdot 9.8 \cdot 11 + 5 \times 10^4 = P_2 \text{ gauge}$$

$$= 1.62 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa}$$

(67)

Buoyant force = weight displaced air = $V \rho_a g$
 = weight supported = $V \rho_x g + 90 \text{ kN}$

$$V (\rho_a - \rho_x) = 90 \text{ kN/g}$$

$$V = \frac{90 \text{ kN/g}}{(\rho_a - \rho_x)}$$

$1.20 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3} \uparrow$ $\rho_{\text{He}} = 0.0899 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 $\rho_{\text{He}} = 0.166$

$$V_{\text{He}} = 8.27 \times 10^3 \text{ m}^3$$

$$V_{\text{He}} = 8.88 \times 10^3 \text{ m}^3 \leftarrow \text{volume for same lift}$$

$\rho_{\text{He}} \text{ lift} = V g (\rho_a - \rho_{\text{He}}) = 83.8 \text{ kN} \leftarrow \text{lift for same volume}$
 \uparrow does not burn

(69)

$v = 0$
 28 m

$\uparrow v_0 = ?$

$$.5 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} = \frac{\pi}{4} d^2 \cdot 23.43$$

$$d = .165 \text{ m}$$

(b) $d \rightarrow 2x \Rightarrow V \Rightarrow \frac{1}{4} x$
 $\Rightarrow \Delta y = \frac{1}{16} x$

$$= \frac{28}{16} = 1.75 \text{ m}$$

$$v^2 - v_0^2 = 2(-g) \Delta y \rightarrow v_0^2 = 2 \cdot 9.8 \cdot 28 \rightarrow v_0 = \sqrt{298.28} = 23.43 \text{ m/s}$$